

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III.

SAINT PAUL, THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1863.

NUMBER 89.

The Saint Paul Press.

This paper has a large Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, THURSDAY, APRIL 2.

THE UNION CITY NOMINATIONS.

The Union Convention which assembled yesterday at Market Hall went to work as if they had had a private conversation with each individual sovereign of the loyal people whom they represented, and knew precisely what was expected of them. The ticket which they have put up for the support of the decent and patriotic citizens of St. Paul, is not merely unexceptionable; it could scarcely be better. It will not only command the respect, the confidence and the support of the orderly, intelligent and loyal classes of all parties, but it will inspire enthusiasm. It is a kind of ticket which would set people to work in its behalf by the mere magnetism of the popular names upon it; if there were not urgent public motives for the eager and zealous support of every citizen who is interested in the peace, the good order—the good name—the social well-being and material prosperity of the city.

The gentlemen who compose the Union ticket contrast so strongly and triumphantly not only in their qualifications for offices for which they are designated, but in their character as citizens, with the nominations recently made by the two-faced Copperhead Convention in the same place. The mere mention of their names in opposition would be the strongest rebuke which could be given to the Copperhead nominations, if the obscurity of most of the latter did not partially protect them from withering force of the comparison.

To those who know them all, it will be sufficient to place the names in opposite columns:

Union.	Copperhead.
Mayor—Dr. J. H. Stewart.	Warren.
Comptroller—T. M. McNeill.	Loomis.
Assessor—C. T. Whitner.	Somers.
Surgeon—J. A. Johnson.	Boyle.
Secret Commission—G. B. Burke.	Dolan.

Look at this picture and at that. It is Hyperion to Sisyphus. We have not room for an extended notice of the Union candidates to-day. The gentleman who takes the ticket—much against his will—is so widely known and universally popular among all classes, indeed, that nothing we could say could add to the esteem in which he is held. His name will rally hundreds from the wide field of his gratuitous practice among the poor, who never voted anything but the Democratic ticket, to testify by their votes their gratitude to his professional charities. His energy, prudence and business ability are a guarantee that the city administration would be safe in his hands, and that nothing would be wanting to ensure the health, peace, morals, good order, and the property interests of the city. His loyalty gives no uncertain sound. He does not need to define his position. That was done two years ago in the prisons of Richmond and on the bloody field of Bull Run, where he remained after its desertion by our retreating army to bind up the wounds and alleviate the sufferings of the brave soldiers left behind to the tender mercies of the ruthless rebel soldier. He did not, like his opponent, Mr. Warren, require "days of anxious thought" to come to a conclusion that it was his duty to be loyal to his country, but when the first note of the rebellion sounded, with the first call to arms, he offered his services and his life to the defense of his country.

Want of space compels us to postpone further comments for the present, if any comments can be needed in comparing such a Contender as McNeill, with such a traitorous renegade as Loomis, or with such an Assessor as the ever faithful and honorable and excellent Whitner, with so ignorant and incompetent a man as Somers, a Surveyor so skilled and experienced and well known as Johnson, with this man Boyle of whom one of the largest real Estate Dealers in the city, a Democrat, says that during his long residence here he never knew him to have a single job of surveying—or a Street Commissioner like Burke, a respectable German merchant of excellent repute and undoubted loyalty, with this fellow Dolan, who has not only no qualifications for the position, but is as rank a Scoundrel as his small calibre and limited sphere of operations will permit him to be.

ORGANIZE A TOTAL NATIONAL LEAGUE!

The secret of power is organization. The grandest forces in nature are as latent and impotent as the prussic acid which chemical analysis detects in the bread we eat, until brought out by combination. The steam-engine, the mill, the telegraph, the army, parties, societies, nations, derive their whole power from the mere union of forces, which apart are impotent and worthless. The wheel is nothing without the axle and the pulley, the lever is nothing without the fulcrum, and so individual men are nothing as social forces without they are brought together; they can do nothing without they pull together, and not only pull together but pull on the same rope. When the war broke out the people of the North were like the inhabitants of a rural town called up at night by an alarm of fire without an engine or a fire company to put it out. Everybody rushes to the scene and gets in the way of every-

body else, and everybody does what he can to add to the frantic uproar; and energy and courage and self-devotion enough to conquer a hundred fires are wasted in efforts that are worse than useless because they are purposeless and uncoordinated.

Later in the history of the war when we have organized the physical forces of the nation we find ourselves like a fire company met at the scene of conflagration by a mob of men who assist that the best way to put out the fire is to leave it alone, and who oppose every effort to pour water upon the burning building because niggers have been invited to help in passing the buckets, and who threaten if any further attempt is made to stop the conflagration, that they will set fire to the homes of the firemen themselves. Now, we have got to stop this thing. It is not enough to find, to organize a force to put out the fire, but we have got also to organize a force to put down the incendiaries. It is not enough to put armies in the field, but they must be sustained, if not by a united, at least by an overwhelming public sentiment at home. To make this public sentiment felt, seen, heard, omnipotent, irresistible, it is only necessary to mass it, to concentrate it, to organize it. Political parties are incompetent to this task, because they are not other objects. What is wanted in this direction is not a reconstruction of political parties, whose inherent tendency is to antagonize the elements of public opinion, but a consolidation of loyal men of all parties and classes in one supreme national organization upon the single platform of unconditional loyalty to the flag. This object is being accomplished through the Loyal National League which recently received its preliminary organization in New York.

We learn through our exchanges, that this glorious association of patriots—the Loyal National League of New York—is to be inaugurated by a grand mass meeting in Union Square, in that city, on the anniversary of the assault on Fort Sumter. The indications are that that day will be generally observed throughout the country, in similar demonstrations for a like object. We trust that the suggestion will meet with general acceptance throughout Minnesota.

If any proof be wanting that these loyal leagues are in every way necessary and desirable, it will be sufficient for every loyal man to know that they are everywhere bitterly denounced by the copperhead organs.

The Mankato Record has a characteristic habit of interlarding its news items respecting Indian matters with gratuitous and partisan flings at the Winnebago Agent, Mr. Malcombe. The other day we copied an article from that paper, which closed with some of its usual abuse of the Agent, which escaped our notice. We regret an inadvertence which may even seem like a quasi endorsement of these unmerited slurs.

STATE NEWS ITEMS.

NICOLET COUNTY.

From the St. Peter Tribune.

The total amount assessed in this place under the Internal Revenue law, is \$1,220. This sum does not include those who are to report monthly.

COMING.—Capt. Strout's Company ("B" of the 9th Regiment, now stationed at Hutchinson, will, shortly, occupy Capt. Dane's quarters in St. Peter. The two companies are to change locations.

KIDNAP DISCOVERED.—Last week we mentioned the absence of a portion of Capt. Kalle's Company. Since then the detachment has returned to Fort Ridgely, bringing some news of interest. The whole of the party went up to "Camp Release," and employed themselves in searching for indications of Indians, which they finally discovered in stronger shape than had been expected. A camp of twenty-four Indians was discovered, but it was at once destroyed, a quantity of furs burned, and the Indians established in the direction of Big Stone Lake, without making any attack on the horsemen.

From the large amount of furs destroyed by the Indians previous to their flight, it is supposed they had been in the vicinity during the greater portion of the winter—the stray cattle and ungarthered goods of the murdered people, giving them means for living well.

VULMORE COUNTY.

Under the head of "THE DAMNED NOT ALL DEAD," the editor of the Chatfield Democrat proceeds to boast that he wears a "Butternut," appended to his watch chain. After this no one will question the truth of that boasting.

The following complimentary notice we take from the same sheet:

RATS LEAVING A SINKING SHIP.—As an evidence of the growing popularity of the "Butternuts," we are pleased to announce that our worthy Post Master has hoisted the "black snake flag" and inscribed thereon the word "Peace," and decorated the same with a loyal Butternut. We congratulate our friend Malcombe on his conversion, and welcome him to the society of honest men and patriots. Make room, the "Butternuts" are growing.

We have heard of such things as dispensing with the services of certain postmasters, and if the above is correct it would be advisable to have an illustration of it in Chatfield.

The Bureau of Internal Revenue is not prepared to issue promissory note stamps of denominations less than five cents. In the meantime, express and telegraphic stamps may be used.

The daily expenditures of the Government from this time till the close of the financial year, will, it is computed, average more than two millions.

NEWS ITEMS.

—Gen. Heintzelman has caused the officers of the guard, who allowed General Stoughton to be captured, to be dishonorably dismissed the service.

—Rev. Henry Shiller, pastor of the Little Elkhart Church, in Middlebury township, Indiana, has been guilty of writing letters to the soldiers against the war, urging them to desert, &c., whereat the trustees of the church have closed its doors against him.

—The Secretary of War has issued an order allowing Governor Nye to take to Nevada, which borders on Utah, a thousand stand of arms, three howitzers, and a large number of cavalry accoutrements.

—The examination of the Detroit rioters has been finished. From twenty to twenty-five were arrested, eight of whom have been discharged, and the remainder held to answer in \$1,000 each. Among those held, was Timothy Drummond, the deaf and dumb boy, whom we have mentioned before, as one of the most active of the rioters.

—Joel Eastman's (Rep.) election to Congress from New Hampshire, we notice, is claimed by his friends by free majority. A letter from Concord, written last Friday, and received at Portsmouth, sets his majority at a hundred. The Democrats still abide by their counter claim that Mary is elected by at least fifty votes.

—Fernando Wood made a speech in Mozart Hall, New York, a few days ago, before the Peace Democrats, in which he took ground against the Loyal Leagues on account of their name. Says Fernando: "Loyalty is a monarchical derivation. It is a European extract. No loyalty for me—I know no such word."

—The grand jury of Crawford county, Ohio, have recently been making an investigation of the Union League. A large number of witnesses, which fact coming to the knowledge of the President and Secretary of War, he was at once promoted to a second lieutenant in the 16th United States Infantry. Lieut. Mitchell served 18 months as a Captain and aide-camp on his father's staff, on whose death he was mustered out of service when lying at death's door with the yellow fever at Port Royal, South Carolina. Being a clip of the old block, and inheriting his father's nervous activity and restless energy, he determined to enlist, as there is now no provision of law by which he could receive a commission.

—The Provost-Marshal and other officers under the National Militia Law are not yet designated even for the districts first taken up. Probably all the places will be kept open until the list shall be completed. A fair proportion of the appointments will be for Democrats. A loyal Congressman's recommendation decides, as a rule, as to his district, although other voices are listened to.

—Several petitions having been presented to the Pennsylvania legislature against the immigration of negroes, one Mr. McClellan presents a recommendation allowing colored-haired persons to become so numerous in the State.

—In one of the recent guerrilla raids upon the Nashville and Louisville Railroad, a "strong box" containing \$30,000, and belonging to the Adams Express Company, was captured.

—Foreign Ministers are greatly exercised with regard to the apprehended issue of Letters of Marque and Reprisal. One of them who questioned the Secretary of State, was informed that the report that the Government had determined not to grant Letters of Marque, was unfounded.

—Judge Kinney, of Utah, has been removed. His successor has not yet been appointed.

—The President and family will remove to their country residence at the Old Soldiers' Home next week.

—It has been ascertained that a former Sergeant of the 5th New York Cavalry, who deserted to the enemy a short time since because he was not promoted, was one of the leading spirits in the capture of Gen. Stoughton.

Gen. Burnside on the Disgraceful Surrender of Ft. Mifflin, N.Y.

HEADQUARTERS DEPT. OF THE OHIO, CINCINNATI, March 27, 1863.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 30.

Capt. W. S. Ratcliffe, Company B, 10th Kentucky cavalry, for his disgraceful surrender of Ft. Sterling is, subject to the approval of the President, dishonorably dismissed from the military service of the United States.

The manner in which his command was paroled being entirely irregular and in direct violation of General Orders No. 49, from the War Department, no diplomas being exchanged, and other requisites being wanting, the parole is declared void, and the officers and men thus paroled will report at these headquarters for duty. The railroad company will furnish transportation.

By order of Maj. Gen. Burnside.

W. F. ANDERSON, A. A. G.

LATEST NEWS, By Telegraph.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

Porter's Expedition through Steele's Bayou and Deer Creek a Failure.

IMPORTANT NEWS EXPECTED FROM THE CHARLESTON FLEET.

All the Women and Children Ordered to Leave Savannah.

The Rebels Whipped at Somerset, Kentucky.

Reported Evacuation of Haines' Bluff.

GEORGE D. PRENTICES SON A PRISONER.

Heenan to Fight Again in England.

FROM FARRAGUT'S FLEET.

Special Dispatch to the St. Paul Press. CATO, March 31.

The correspondent of the Chicago Tribune aboard the Hartford has reviewed the principal adventures of Farragut's fleet. The Hartford, Richmond, Genesee, Albatross, Scandia, Monongahela and the Mississippi steamed on the night of the 14th expecting assistance from Banks as soon as they arrived at Port Hudson. A furious bombardment commenced; two rebel rams also came and endeavored to engage the Hartford and Albatross, but were beat off by the fleet. The fleet steamed boldly past the batteries under heavy cannonade. After passing, the Hartford and Albatross being slashed together, grounded, but finally got off and steamed abroad.

The Richmond and Mississippi also grounded, but the former got off, while the latter took fire from some unknown cause, causing great confusion, and all efforts made to extinguish the fire and save the crew proved fruitless.

As this was going on, all the fleet but the Hartford and Albatross drifted with the burning steamer down before the entire length of the rebel batteries under a scorching fire.

The guns of the Mississippi exploded as she passed.

At 5 o'clock in the morning the burning wreck could be seen from the Hartford and Albatross.

Only three men were killed and two wounded on the Hartford and Albatross. The damage to the balance of the fleet is unknown.

At the mouth of the Red river they ascertained that four or five rams had run up the river on their approach.

At Natchez they destroyed the telegraph by order of Farragut. On the 19th they passed the Grand Gulf under a brisk fire, during which three were killed and eight wounded. The same day Farragut distinctly saw the wreck of the Indiana shattered near the shore as if blown up. On the 10th she passed Warrenton, shelling batteries vigorously but eliciting no reply. The same day she reported to Rear Admiral Porter off Vicksburg.

On the 21st received call, which was floated down from above in barges.

On the 22d the Albatross went to Warrenton, and destroyed an unfinished casemate battery which the rebels had commenced.

The ensuing day the Hartford paid the same place a visit, and scattered about 3,000 riflemen entrenched, by few doses of shot and shell.

This ends the adventures of the two steamers. They were at the foot of the canal when last heard from.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the St. Paul Press.

WASHINGTON, March 31.

The local laws of Kentucky permitting the re-enclosure of contrabands is giving rise to protracted Cabinet meetings.

Gen. Ullmann is authorized to raise a Black Brigade, and Gov. Andrews couple of new regiments. These are all that are authorized at present, but a general enlistment may soon be expected.

Both Halls of the Capital were filled to overflowing at a great Union demonstration. Able and patriotic speeches were made by Chief Justice Catron, Horace Maynard and Andy Johnson. Commanders and Surgeons are requested on the last day of each month to furnish descriptive lists of all deserters.

General Halleck in a general order, announces Sumner's death and orders 13 minute guns fired at each post, within the Department of Missouri, on the receipt of the order, and flags to be at half mast from 2 o'clock until sunset.

The widow of Jackson who killed Ellis-

worth, came into our lines at Union Mills, and begs permission to come over on our side, and take the oath of allegiance.

Provost Marshals appointed in Pennsylvania, are mostly honorably discharged officers of the army.

FROM CAIRO.

Special Dispatch to the St. Paul Press.

CAIRO, March 31.

An Illinois officer captured at Murfreesboro by the rebels and taken to Atlanta, Georgia, escaped and passed this place on route for home. Food in Georgia is very scarce. Confederate money sells readily at two dollars for one dollar of United States Treasury notes, and at Chattanooga four for one.

FROM MEMPHIS.

Special Dispatch to the St. Paul Press.

MEMPHIS, March 29, via Cairo, 28.

The train which left Memphis this forenoon was captured near Moscow at 9 o'clock. Forty prisoners were taken. Two persons, the mail agent and express agent are missing. Several were wounded and part of the mail was destroyed.

FROM KENTUCKY.

Special Dispatch to the St. Paul Press.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY CENTRAL KENTUCKY, Lexington, March 31.

Gen. Gilmore was at Somerset at four o'clock, yesterday, having driven the rebel force before him. He may cut off their escape before they cross the Cumberland.

Col. Grishy, of the 11th Kentucky Infantry, are ordered to mount themselves, John Morgan style, and are ordered into Eastern Kentucky.

During their sojourn the rebels stole everything they could get hold of down to ribbon out of stores.

Wagon loads of dependent emigrants are on their way North, having lost everything.

Walker made a dash at Mount Sterling, and reoccupied the place, driving the enemy. He killed and captured several. Late reports say he captured Clarke, the leader himself, but his presence is needed to confirm the report.

OUR ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

ANOTHER FAILURE.

PHILADELPHIA, April 1.

A special dispatch to the Bulletin from Cincinnati, says the news from Vicksburg as yet reveals no unfavorable aspect.

Dispatches received here state that the expedition through Steele's and Blackwater Bayous into the Upper Yazoo is a failure.

Admiral Porter succeeded in getting through both bayous with the gunboats, and proceeded 25 or 30 miles further in the direction of Vicksburg, when he encountered a small force of rebels, who so annoyed him with sharpshooters and obstructions in the channel, that further progress was impossible without cooperation of infantry, which came up the next day.

The enemy had in the mean time put trees into the stream making it impassable. They annoyed the gunboats and seemed to be gathering in considerable force. Reinforcements of infantry were marched to their assistance on Monday, and coming up to the beleaguered boats, found the latter completely hemmed in by obstructions in front and rear. Skirmishing continued all day, when the rebels being reinforced, the gunboats were withdrawn and commenced to retreat, the whole force having embarked on transports near the head of Black Bayou, for their return to Young Point.

The Federals lost 10 or 12 private killed and wounded. The rebel loss is unknown, but supposed to be considerable.

The Philadelphia Enquirer's Baton Rouge correspondent makes a statement to the effect that General Banks made a serious attempt on Fort Hudson, but was foiled by the steamers conveying the troops being sucked in by a crevasse cut by the rebels, and the morning light in imminent peril the object of the expedition. According to the correspondent the object was to get to the northward of the rebel batteries by marching around them on the west side of the Mississippi.

A Vicksburg letter announces the seizure of 5,000 bales of cotton within 40 miles of Lake Providence by our forces. Every bale was marked C. S. A.

REPORTS FROM THE MISSISSIPPI SQUADRON.

WASHINGTON, April 1.

Despatches from the Mississippi squadron embrace reports from the commanders of several vessels that attempted to pass Port Hudson on the night of the 14th of March, in which it appears that they had reached the last and most formidable batteries and were congratulating themselves on having gained the turn in the river, when the Mississippi grounded. Fearing that this vessel would fall into their hands, she was deliberately destroyed by her commander after the removal of all on board. No private effects were saved.

This mishap to the Mississippi caused a derangement of the well contrived programme of Admiral Farragut for the passage of all the vessels.

The fighting of all our men is described as in the highest degree creditable.

THE RAM SWITZERLAND.

NEW YORK, April 1.

A special dispatch from Memphis on 28th, says the ram Switzerland was but slightly injured in passing Vicksburg. The Tuscumbea and Monarch have gone up the Yazoo.

It is also reported that the rebels have evacuated Haines' Bluff.

REBELS WHIPPED AT SOMERSET.

LOUISVILLE, April 1.

An official Somerset telegram says Gen. Gilmore's forces attacked the rebels under Pagan, at a strong position near Somerset, yesterday, fought them five or six hours and whipped them badly, driving them towards the river. The rebels outnumbered us two to one. Our loss does not exceed thirty. Rebel loss not stated.

ITEMS FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 31.

[Herald's Special.] Intelligence received to-night from Winchester, Va., shows that by the recent reconnaissance it has been ascertained that there is no road force within thirty-five miles of that place.

[Times Special.]—Under the stringent enforcement of the order issued recently by Gen. Heintzelman, the disloyal inhabitants of that vicinity find it almost impossible to maintain connection with their friends across the border.

Hon. Eli Spaulding of Buffalo, has been mentioned today as a possible appointee to the vacant office of Comptroller of Finance.

It is said the President positively refuses for the present to grant authority to raise more negro regiments.

[World's Special.]—The President will visit the Army of the Potomac to-morrow if the weather permits.

[Tribune's Special.]—Gen. Howard, commanding the second division of Gen. Couch's corps, has been assigned temporarily to command Sigel's corps.

Gen. Gibbon has been assigned to the command of Hovans's division.

Recent rains and a snow storm last night left the roads in a very bad condition.

FOREIGN NEWS.

NEW YORK, April 1.

The Steamer City of Washington from Liverpool, March 18, and Queenstown 19, arrived at 1 o'clock this morning. Parliament proceedings were unimportant.

The Polish question assumes great prominence. Important French diplomatic correspondence is published, showing the gravity of the question. The French Senate was debating petitions in favor of Poland.

An accidental meeting in London, denominated the course of Russia and called for a cessation diplomatic intercourse with her until a reform is brought about.

The New York correspondence of the Daily News, does not see the smallest sign of the North laying down its arms or confining the war to the question of a boundary.

The latest confederate loan had been formally introduced into market and was very successful. It reached 5 per cent. premium and will receive no official sanction by the stock exchange.

A prize fight had been arranged between Heenan and King.

Liverpool, March 19.—Broad-street market dull, but steady—provisions downward and flat.

SUFFERING IN SAVANNAH.

NEW YORK, April 1.

A Hilton Head letter of the 27th says I wrote you a day or two since of the alarming destitution existing in the city of Savannah. Since then we have received in our lines several dispatches from rebel defenses at Fanning Bluff and Thunder Bolt, who more than confirm my statements. They affirm that the daily rations of troops consist of four ounces of bacon, and seven of corn meal.

In consequence of their privations, many of the rebel troops are falling back, and all are fearing illness.

The last batch of deserters who came in, assert that but the fact that they are kept on inside post duty, the entire regiment would desert.

From what is derived to be a source entirely trustworthy, I learn that all the women and children have been ordered out of Savannah. They left the city Monday and Tuesday.

This measure was pursued not more by fear of an attack than by inability of the commanding General to sustain troops while many non-combatants were to be fed.

SUCCESS EXPECTED—PAYMENT OF TROOPS—REVENUE RECEIPTS.

NEW YORK, April 1.

A Washington letter to the Commercial says Adj. Gen. Thomas is at the West, and should be so reconnoitered other troops will follow the corps of Gen. Burnside.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia North American says the administration confidently expects before the close of the week news of important successes by our fleet in the rear of Charleston. If the batteries at Stono can be taken it is believed that troops can be landed and reach the city without assembling Sumter or Moultrie, which being cut off from their supplies would fall without loss of ammunition or vessels.

[Special to Evening Post.] Washington, April 1.—The Treasury Department signs to-day the necessary requisitions for paying off all the troops in North and South Carolina. The army of the Potomac will be paid next week. With these payments the entire army will be paid to the first of May.

The entire receipts of the Internal Revenue up to date, amount to \$22,000,000. The estimated receipts for the year are \$50,000,000. It is considered certain no foreign loan will be accepted by Mr. Chase.

MAJOR PRENTICE CAPTURED—REBELS LEAVING.

LOUISVILLE, March 31.

Major Clarence Prentice with two subordinate officers of the rebel army, came into Louisville to-day. They were arrested and sent to Camp Chase.

Federal forces are closely pressing the rebels. They captured 140 prisoners near Somerset, and recaptured 2,000 head of cattle which the rebels were taking from Kentucky.

The Confederate Loan.

Correspondence of the London Star.

FRANKFORT, March 6.—The Action of this city has announced a loan in process of negotiation of \$3,000,000 by the house of Raphael Erlanger, of this city and Paris, and says that the arrangements have been adopted subject to the approval of the Confederate Senate at Richmond.

Rumor says that \$400,000 have been advanced on the loan by these houses on bills of exchange at 200 per cent. premium.

The feeling of indignation against the persons engaged in this affair is very strong here, and to quiet this feeling it is publicly announced that none of it will be offered in Germany, only in England and France; that the loan is only made to enable the Confederacy to pay old debts, and not for aiding or furnishing means for further war expenditure. The universal condemnation of this negotiation has doubtless led to the announcement.

Great regrets were expressed that any respectable house should be engaged in making a loan to establish a Confederate Government, whose sole object in its disunion efforts was to properly protect and extend the institution of slavery.

It is, however, quite a matter of doubt whether any such negotiation has been made, and in fact the leading bankers here very much doubt it.

Mr. Erlanger keeps silent on the subject. He is a very prudent, careful and cautious man, and his investments are mostly made here in real estate, and he has never been known to take hazardous risks. His son, the head of the house in Paris, as is well known, has scarcely been distinguished for the same good judgment and prudence as his father. It is not impossible that the Paris firm of Erlanger & Co. has lent the use of its name to the Confederate States to help negotiating a loan, as is asserted, to pay off old debts.

—Gen. Hamilton asserted at the meeting of the "Loyal National League," on Friday evening last, in New York, that it was within his knowledge that more than 250 Northern people who had gone to Texas were hung in that State, pending the Presidential election, in 1860, because they were suspected of being more loyal to the Government than to slavery.

DIED.

At the residence of Geo. W. Chown, in Minneapolis, March 31st, 1863, LARNED HAWKINS aged 65 years, 8 months, and 11 days.</

[illegible]

NUMBER 90.

broke out, and we trust that no mistaken clemency will prevent him from being the first to expiate his awful crimes on the

NUMBER 92

WANT
want at
L. P. FOSTER'S.

THE CITY.

People's Union Ticket.

For Mayor,
DR. J. H. STEWART.
For Comptroller,
T. M. METCALF.
For Assessor,
CHAS. T. WHITNEY.
For Street Commissioner,
GOTTFRID RANK.
For City Engineer,
GATES A. JOHNSON.
For City Attorney,
S. M. FLINT.

FOR ALDERMEN.
First Ward—DANIEL D. MERRILL.
Second Ward—J. F. MONROE, 3 years.
Third Ward—J. F. WILLIAMS.
Fourth Ward—J. A. HARRISON, 3 years.
Fifth Ward—J. H. BRUSH, 2 years.
Sixth Ward—J. H. BRUSH, 2 years.

SECOND WARD.—William M. Stokes, has been placed on the Second Ward Union ticket for Constable, vice Delaney. Mr. Stokes is a worthy man.

The Jackson Street M. E. Sunday School will hold their regular "Sunday School Quarterly Meeting" at 2 o'clock P. M., to-day. A sermon will be preached, to be followed by the pastor, and the ladies of the "Band of Hope" will be given to those who have earned them during the past quarter.

The Chicago Tribune has a correspondent at St. Paul, whose letters are mainly made up of the statistics and facts published in the Press and other sources. The Tribune is a reliable source of information, and its reports are always accurate and complete.

MR. E. W. WASHINGTON, brother of Gen. W. D. Washington, of this city, met with a serious accident while returning from Washington to his home at Chicago, Illinois. As he was attempting to get a train of cars at Cleveland, Ohio, he fell, injuring his left knee so severely that ever since he has been confined to his room, and it is feared it will be some time before he recovers.

MR. COOLEY'S LECTURE.—The lecture of D. C. Cooley, Esq., will come off on Thursday evening, of this week, at Rogers's Hall. The lecture will be on the subject of "The Rights of the People," and will be a most interesting and instructive one.

A NEW ARTICLE OF EXPORT.—Among our exports we have never yet reckoned what we have already exported of one of the best of goods from our beautiful city—the white limestone. The limestone is of a fine quality, and is used for many purposes.

MR. BURGESS.—On Friday night last, a burglar was committed by some lawless clown on the office of Charles W. Wood, General Ticket Agent, corner of the Levee and Jackson streets. The burglar obtained entrance by the window on the second floor, and stole a number of articles, including a watch, a ring, and a pair of gloves.

THE REBUTAL OF VOTERS.—Over one hundred names were entered on the poll list on Saturday, but it is believed there are as many more who have not yet registered. To-morrow (Monday) is the last chance. The judges will meet at nine o'clock, and remain in session until one P. M., and all who know of any unregistered voters, or suspect that any one is yet unregistered, should see that it is done to-morrow.

FROM BANNOCK CITY.—We have been shown a letter from Mike Dobbin, formerly employed in this office, dated at Bannock City, the Capital of Idaho Territory, which was created by the late Congress. Mike was in one of the trains of gold seekers who went over last summer to the Salmon River mines. Bannock City is a mining settlement, the men of our companies having first settled it, and many of them still reside there.

THE HAY TRADE.—The Hay Trade the past winter has been quite heavy, and shows a decided increase over the winter previous. The amount of registered receipts, Saint Paul, has been very considerable, and the hay market, owing to the large number of receipts, has been very quiet.

THE HAY TRADE.—The Hay Trade the past winter has been quite heavy, and shows a decided increase over the winter previous. The amount of registered receipts, Saint Paul, has been very considerable, and the hay market, owing to the large number of receipts, has been very quiet.

THE HAY TRADE.—The Hay Trade the past winter has been quite heavy, and shows a decided increase over the winter previous. The amount of registered receipts, Saint Paul, has been very considerable, and the hay market, owing to the large number of receipts, has been very quiet.

A Curious Document.

A Letter from Lord Lyons on our "Conservatives."

What He Thought of the Situation Five Months Ago.

LORD LYONS TO EARL RUSSELL.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 17, 1862.

My Lord.—In his despatches of the 17th and 18th of the 24th ultimo and the 17th inst., Mr. Stuart reported to your Lordship the results of the elections for members of Congress and State officers which have recently taken place in several of the Southern States of the Union. Without repeating the details, it will be sufficient for me to observe that the success of the Democratic or (as it now styles itself) the conservative party, has been so great as to make a change in public feeling among the most rapid and most complete that has ever been witnessed, even in the history of the Republic.

On my arrival at New York, on the 18th inst., I found the conservative leaders exulting in the growing success achieved by the party in the elections. They appeared to me to have a change in public feeling among the most rapid and most complete that has ever been witnessed, even in the history of the Republic.

On my arrival at New York, on the 18th inst., I found the conservative leaders exulting in the growing success achieved by the party in the elections. They appeared to me to have a change in public feeling among the most rapid and most complete that has ever been witnessed, even in the history of the Republic.

On my arrival at New York, on the 18th inst., I found the conservative leaders exulting in the growing success achieved by the party in the elections. They appeared to me to have a change in public feeling among the most rapid and most complete that has ever been witnessed, even in the history of the Republic.

On my arrival at New York, on the 18th inst., I found the conservative leaders exulting in the growing success achieved by the party in the elections. They appeared to me to have a change in public feeling among the most rapid and most complete that has ever been witnessed, even in the history of the Republic.

On my arrival at New York, on the 18th inst., I found the conservative leaders exulting in the growing success achieved by the party in the elections. They appeared to me to have a change in public feeling among the most rapid and most complete that has ever been witnessed, even in the history of the Republic.

On my arrival at New York, on the 18th inst., I found the conservative leaders exulting in the growing success achieved by the party in the elections. They appeared to me to have a change in public feeling among the most rapid and most complete that has ever been witnessed, even in the history of the Republic.

On my arrival at New York, on the 18th inst., I found the conservative leaders exulting in the growing success achieved by the party in the elections. They appeared to me to have a change in public feeling among the most rapid and most complete that has ever been witnessed, even in the history of the Republic.

On my arrival at New York, on the 18th inst., I found the conservative leaders exulting in the growing success achieved by the party in the elections. They appeared to me to have a change in public feeling among the most rapid and most complete that has ever been witnessed, even in the history of the Republic.

On my arrival at New York, on the 18th inst., I found the conservative leaders exulting in the growing success achieved by the party in the elections. They appeared to me to have a change in public feeling among the most rapid and most complete that has ever been witnessed, even in the history of the Republic.

On my arrival at New York, on the 18th inst., I found the conservative leaders exulting in the growing success achieved by the party in the elections. They appeared to me to have a change in public feeling among the most rapid and most complete that has ever been witnessed, even in the history of the Republic.

On my arrival at New York, on the 18th inst., I found the conservative leaders exulting in the growing success achieved by the party in the elections. They appeared to me to have a change in public feeling among the most rapid and most complete that has ever been witnessed, even in the history of the Republic.

On my arrival at New York, on the 18th inst., I found the conservative leaders exulting in the growing success achieved by the party in the elections. They appeared to me to have a change in public feeling among the most rapid and most complete that has ever been witnessed, even in the history of the Republic.

On my arrival at New York, on the 18th inst., I found the conservative leaders exulting in the growing success achieved by the party in the elections. They appeared to me to have a change in public feeling among the most rapid and most complete that has ever been witnessed, even in the history of the Republic.

THE FAIRY WIDOWING.

Another lot of cards of the above kind just received at Martin's Photographic Gallery.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

THE FAIRY WIDOWING.

Another lot of cards of the above kind just received at Martin's Photographic Gallery.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

THE FAIRY WIDOWING.

Another lot of cards of the above kind just received at Martin's Photographic Gallery.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

THE FAIRY WIDOWING.

Another lot of cards of the above kind just received at Martin's Photographic Gallery.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

THE FAIRY WIDOWING.

Another lot of cards of the above kind just received at Martin's Photographic Gallery.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

THE FAIRY WIDOWING.

Another lot of cards of the above kind just received at Martin's Photographic Gallery.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

THE FAIRY WIDOWING.

Another lot of cards of the above kind just received at Martin's Photographic Gallery.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

THE FAIRY WIDOWING.

Another lot of cards of the above kind just received at Martin's Photographic Gallery.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

THE FAIRY WIDOWING.

Another lot of cards of the above kind just received at Martin's Photographic Gallery.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

THE FAIRY WIDOWING.

Another lot of cards of the above kind just received at Martin's Photographic Gallery.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

Also, one thousand cards of other celebrities, works of art, etc., choice subjects for the album.

THE FAIRY WIDOWING.

The Saint Paul Press.
State and United States Official Paper.
This paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

THE CITY ELECTION.
The result of the city election yesterday far exceeds our most sanguine anticipations. It is true that the Democrats have succeeded in electing their candidates, but with such a startling diminution of their average majority at previous elections, as to leave with the Union cause the moral effect, if not the material fruits, of a substantial victory.

John S. Prince was elected Mayor over Mr. Ingersoll, in April last, by a majority of 344.

Major Cullen carried the city last November over Gov. Donnelly by a majority of 264. Mr. Warren is barely elected by a majority of 76, in place of the 500 majority which was confidently promised him by the Pioneer.

The Copperheads are overwhelmed with mortification and dismay at this narrow escape from a disastrous defeat in the chief citadel of their strength, and they feel the blow all the more keenly because they see in it the sure presage of their utter overthrow. They rightly argue that if the political sentiment of the people of St. Paul has undergone such a change, during the five months since last November, as to have reduced the Democratic majority from 364 to 86, in seven months more there won't be much majority left to reduce. There can be no doubt that they read the omen rightly, but if a good many wooden Republicans had not acted on the assumption that the contest with the Democratic party in this city was entirely hopeless, and so did what they could to make it so by neglecting to poll their votes, our Copperhead friends would not have had to wait till next fall for a realization of the augury.

Apart from the encouraging political indications of the election, the result is highly flattering personally to the Union candidate, Dr. Stewart, who, it will be perceived, ran considerably ahead of his ticket, and whose popularity greatly contributed to overcome the chronic repugnance of a good many Democrats to abandon the old rule of party association.

We are glad to record the election of one Republican Alderman, Mr. Betz, in the Third Ward—a gentleman who is in every way worthy of this proof of popular confidence.

THE AGGREGATE VOTE.
Though the election yesterday passed off without the least apparent excitement, a much larger vote was called out than at the fall election—much larger indeed than could have been anticipated, considering that about 1,000 of our registered voters have "gone to the war."

The whole number of votes cast at the city election of April, 1862, before the last call for troops, was 2,650. The whole number of votes cast at the general election in November last, was 1,568, of which about 300 were soldiers' votes, and the whole number of votes cast yesterday was 1,758. If our citizen soldiers were at home the vote would have reached nearly 2,800. We would suggest it as an interesting subject of speculation to our copperhead friends who the election yesterday has left in a meditative mood what will probably be the Democratic majority in St. Paul when those thousand absent ones, or such of them as survive the perils of the battle and the camp, come home again.

THE MINNESOTA MILITARY AGENCY AT PHILADELPHIA.
It is perhaps not generally known that Agents have been appointed by the Government for the supervision of the sick and wounded soldiers of Minnesota, in the hospitals of Philadelphia, New York and other points. We recently published the report of the Agent of Minnesota for New York. Below we give extracts from the last report of Robert R. Corson, Military Agent for Minnesota at Philadelphia, which will show how kindly and carefully the wants of the sick and wounded soldiers of Minnesota are attended to there:

There are here twenty and odd hospitals, at distances varying, in the majority of cases, from three to ten miles from the centre of the city. The larger are visited almost daily, the latter two or three times weekly.

First. The name, company, regiment, residence hospital, number of ward and bed, disease, and condition of every Minnesota man in the city is accurately noted monthly, as well as reported to you. The list is also kept up by office.

A list of the discharged will also be regularly sent, that the State may discriminate fairly between those who are and those who are no longer entitled to its bounty money.

Secondly. The condition of each man is personally examined. Here are most difficulties not easily surmounted. For, in the first place, it is a business that involves the right to pay upon the judgment to distinguish between those cases which truly need and honestly deserve aid, and those which are exaggerated or wholly feigned in order to extort—and, of course, to misappropriate—State aid. And, further, this examination is apt to be still more confused by the plausible protest urged by those who have lost all sense of moral obligation in their degrading pursuit of this single dishonorable aim.

It is said that a camp is soon to be established at Harper's Ferry for the reception of colored troops, where they will be organized and drilled by competent persons. Several colored companies in Ohio are already organized, and an effort is now making to have them and others sent for service in the field.

become real necessities to the cravings of the sick. Among the "comforts" extended by Mr. Corson to the convalescents he enumerates tobacco, car tickets, to enable them to ride out on the passenger railways through the city and into the country, stationery and postage stamps, occasional supplies of pocket money to those he is sure will not abuse it, etc.

The report enlarges somewhat verbally on the multifarious little necessities of the sick soldier, which are alleviated by the attentions of the Agent, and concludes:

And this leads me to remind you of the circumstance that, until recently, made donations the above doubly necessary to the soldier—the suspension of pay. The simple fact is, that most of the men here, not having had a cent paid to them for five or six months, were entirely without money; and with Western men, this difficulty, as every other, was, for the most part, unattended, since they rarely found in our city a Western man very often did—acquaintances, relatives, or friends.

In addition to these offices, there is another in which I have sometimes been called to be your almsman. Discharged soldiers from your State have occasionally arrived here from Washington, who either have had but little falling due to them at the time of their discharge, or have been robbed, or have spent all their pay recklessly. They were perfectly destitute of everything but the clothes upon their backs, and the Government takes no cognizance of them after their discharge, it became my duty to send them home.

Henry Ward Beecher's Lecture on New England.
Henry Ward Beecher delivered a lecture upon New England, in Brooklyn, last week. We regret that our space will not permit a full report of his remarks upon that section of the country which Copperheads delight to vilify. We append some of the more noticeable portions of his speech:

Next to the people of the West and South, the Yankees are the most numerous and the most influential in the world. They are a people of the future, and it is to them that the eyes of the world are turned. They are a people of the future, and it is to them that the eyes of the world are turned.

Out of the early Puritan has grown up a race of men for military, but just as sturdy and just as conscientious. The New Englander is a soldier, but not a mercenary. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

The character of the New Englander is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

The Changes in Congress.—Losses and Gains—Some of the Retiring Members.
Special Cor. of the Cincinnati Gazette.
WASHINGTON, March 3.

With the late adjournment we parted from many Congressmen, whose names through the past two eventful years have been very familiar to the public ear.

In the delegation from our own State the changes are marked. Thanks to the wise action of the Legislature, the representation in the Senate remains the same; but in the House, out of our whole array of Republican Representatives, but a single one, General Ashley, of Toledo, is left.

In John A. Bingham we lose confessedly the readiest debater in the House, and if not also the best, certainly one of the very foremost. Unless Mr. Schenck should be over-persuaded to resign his seat in the House, that he may retain his position as Major-General, Mr. Vallandigham, the faithful leader of the Tory Democracy, a politician of undoubted ability, unclouded assurance and ambition, and unquestioned lack of honest belief in anything or anybody save himself.

We shall miss, too, on our side of the Chamber, that fine old gentleman, Mr. Valentine B. Horton, whose place on the Committee of Ways and Means rendered his services so conspicuous; Messrs. Shelbarger and Harrison, from whom no two new members have made fairer records or more favorable impressions.

Mr. Carey A. Trimble, whose influence and ability his district will soon learn to appreciate, as it begins to experience their loss; Mr. Sidney Edgerton, who goes to Idaho as Chief Justice; Mr. Hutchins, who succeeded the old Father of the House, Joshua K. Giddings, and who is himself succeeded by one of the most promising and sterling young men in Ohio, Gen. Garfield, now chief of Rosecrank's staff; Messrs. Kiddle and Blake from the West.

In Governor Gurley, Cincinnati loses a Representative whose worth, influence and industry he will learn better than she ever did before, for six months' trial of his successor. No constituency ever had a more faithful or successful Representative. He is already at work for Arizona, and his character and energy to which Cincinnati has been so long indebted, while the chief commercial city of the Union, will be left without a Representative in Congress who can have the slightest influence with the Administration—one of the two not being on speaking terms with the head of some of the departments, and the other being unexperienced. Cincinnati will have abundant opportunity to learn the beauty of the arrangement they have secured themselves.

The chief city of our neighbor, the Hoosier State, loses an accomplished lawyer and statesman in Mr. Porter, who has been a member of the House since 1848, and who has been a member of the House since 1848, and who has been a member of the House since 1848.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned. He is a man of the future, and it is to him that the eyes of the world are turned.

LATEST NEWS, By Telegraph.
OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.
NO FURTHER NEWS CONCERNING THE CAPTURE OF CHARLESTON.

Morgan is Defeated Again at Snow Hill.
Wreck of the Indianola seen Once More.

Danger of War with England Greater Than Since the Trent Affair.

Proclamation Concerning Commerce Extended.

McClellan Pulverized by the War Committee Report.

FROM MURFREESBORO.
Special Dispatch to the Saint Paul Press.
MURFREESBORO, April 6.

Major General Stanley with 1,500 cavalry, and Col. Matthews' infantry brigade left here last Thursday morning to capture Morgan's and Wharton's eight regiments at Snow Hill four miles from Liberty. They encountered and scattered the enemy beyond Audubon. On Friday morning they encountered the enemy west of Liberty in force and drove them back. A third and strong line was again formed on Snow Hill, from which they were driven at the point of the bayonet. Rebel loss was 15 or 20 killed and 60 prisoners. We captured also 300 horses and mules, and destroyed considerable forage.

Gen. Stanley returned to Murfreesboro to-day.

FROM WASHINGTON.
Special dispatch to the Saint Paul Press.
WASHINGTON, April 6.

The Richmond Examiner has a dispatch dated Chattanooga, April 2d, which says the Federal gunboats on the Tennessee were driven back by our sharpshooters.

The iron-clads tried to effect a landing at Tusculum, but without effect, and they retired down the river.

The report of the capture of Charleston is groundless.

The report of the Committee on the Conduct of the War produces a sensation and utterly pulverizes McClellan, and proves his career the most popular delusion of the age.

FROM KENTUCKY.
Special Dispatch to the Saint Paul Press.
KENTUCKY, April 6.

Gen. Nogley has assumed the command of this post.

The cleanly, orderly appearance and discipline of Burnside's Yankee soldiers, is the universal admiration. Guard mountings, displays and swarms of splendidly dressed officers and dress parades, revive the memory of olden times of Washington's day.

Hundreds of Tennessee refugees arrive weekly; all enlist.

The last report of the rebel Cluke was in a final effort to escape. His forces were beaten by nineteen men of Brown's 10th Kentucky Battalion, and chased four miles.

FROM YAZOO PASS.
Special Dispatch to the Saint Paul Press.
MEMPHIS, April 4, via Cairo, April 6.

A skirmish occurred to-day on the Hernando plank road, nine miles out. The fight lasted an hour, when our forces retired, losing three killed and six wounded.

Adjutant General Thomas arrived to-day on his tour of inspection.

The Yazoo Pass expedition was ordered out. Several transports going to the fleet in the Pass were fired upon and four or five persons killed on Wednesday last.

FROM FORT GREENWOOD.
Special Dispatch to the Saint Paul Press.
GREENWOOD, Ark., April 3.

Advices from Gen. Quimby up to Monday evening last have been received. No progress had been made in the reduction of Fort Greenwood. Our forces are still in front of the enemy.

FROM INDIANAPOLIS.
Special Dispatch to the Saint Paul Press.
INDIANAPOLIS, April 6.

The Union ticket was elected here yesterday by a handsome majority.

Some fights occurred between the soldiers and butternuts, in which the latter were badly handled. Dr. Carter of the K. G. C.'s was among the victims.

At Fort Wayne a party of Copperheads rescued some deserters from an officer.

FROM HAINES' BLUFF.
Special Dispatch to the Saint Paul Press.
YONKERS, N. Y., April 1.

The first reconnaissance of Haines' Bluff by gunboats was made by Admiral Porter to-day, by four iron-clads and one flagship, bearing Gen. Grant and staff. The object was only to reconnoitre. They proceeded within range of the rebel batteries and after making observations all returned.

FROM MADISON.
Special Dispatch to the Saint Paul Press.
MADISON, April 6.

At a Copperhead meeting to-night, men were urged to vote the Democratic ticket as a means of protection from the Administration, implying that the Democracy will protect its partisans from the draft.

Deserters continue to arrive daily.

FROM OHIO.
Special Dispatch to the Saint Paul Press.
COLUMBUS, April 6.

The Union gain in this city to-day was 500 over the last election. There were similar gains all over the State.

Toledo, Cleveland, and Cincinnati did nobly. The Copperheads look very blue.

FROM ALABAMA.
Special Dispatch to the Saint Paul Press.
CANNON, April 6.

Reports of fighting at Florence and Tusculum, Alabama, have been received, but no particulars.

OUR ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.
WASHINGTON ITEMS.
New York, April 7.

(Tribune's dispatch.)—Two expeditions sent out by Gen. Stahl returned yesterday evening. One proceeded to Warrenton and vicinity; the other explored beyond Bull Run mountains to Blue Ridge. They encountered only a few scattered parties of guerrillas. They took five prisoners, including in such horses as could be found.

A force of rebel cavalry is believed to be in the Shenandoah valley.

There is no confirmation of the reports which have been current here and in the Army of the Potomac, as to the capture and destruction of Charleston. All that is known has been published. News, however, is momentarily expected.

(Times' Dispatch.) Mails by the British steamer were expected here with considerable delay, but did not arrive. It is needless to disguise the fact, that to most prudent and intelligent statesmen connected with Government, our relations with Great Britain are said to be more precarious than they have been at any time since the Trent affair.

Some of the Judges of the Territories are proposing to test before the United States Court of Claims the question, whether the President has power to remove such officers at pleasure. Judge Cradlebaugh, whose case is fully made up and which is included with the others, continued to act on the Supreme Court bench of Utah for eighteen months after President Buchanan appointed his successor, Judge Cradlebaugh's associates, however, acknowledge him, to the exclusion of the latter.

Rittenbush, Post & Co., of this city, and associates, have organized a bank under the recent act, to be called the "National Bank of Commerce," to be located in Georgetown.

It will go into operation as soon as the Government can furnish the circulating notes.

The question as to what shall be done to the convicted Minnesota Indians remains undecided, the President having the matter under consideration.

The President and the party who accompanied him to the Army of the Potomac on Saturday, will return Tuesday or Wednesday.

Jay, Cook & Co., exchanged \$700,000 of the legal tenders into 5-20s, one day last week in this city, and such exchanges are constantly being made in Washington.

THE PRESIDENT EXTENDS HIS PROCLAMATION.
NEW YORK, April 7.

Bermuda papers of the 24th notice the arrival of the steamer Cornubia at St. George from Wilmington, with cotton, tobacco and turpentine, all a schooner from the same place with a similar cargo. The Cornubia was chartered nine hours.

The President has issued the following proclamation regarding that of August 16th, 1861:

Whereas, experience has shown that the due enforcement of said act of July 13th, 1861 and the proper regulations of commercial intercourse authorized by said act with loyal citizens of said States, therefore I do hereby revoke said exceptions and declare the inhabitants of the States of Georgia, South and North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Virginia, Arkansas, Mississippi, Florida, Georgia, except forty-eight counties designated as Western Virginia, and except the portion of New Orleans, Key West, Port Royal and Beaufort, are in a state of insurrection against the United States, and that all commercial intercourse not authorized and conducted as provided in said act between said States and the inhabitants, with the exceptions aforesaid, and all cotton and other movable property from said States with the aforesaid exceptions shall not be transported into other parts of the United States, and any one proceeding to any of said States, with the exceptions aforesaid, without license and permission of the President, through the Secretary of the Navy, will, together with the vehicle conveying the same, be forfeited and destroyed.

(Signed) ABRAHAM LINCOLN.
Wm. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

THE INDIANOLA CERTAINLY DESTROYED.
NEW YORK, April 7.

The World's correspondent, writing from aboard the steam ship Hartford, March 25, states that three miles above Grand Gulf, the wheel-house of a steamboat painted lead-color was discovered, about the Hurricane Island, 20 miles below Warrenton. From the description it accords perfectly with the Indianola, and leaves no doubt as to her fate that she is sunk in deep water, and bears, so far as can be seen, appearances of having been blown up just where she sunk.

AN EXPEDITION RETURNED.
NEW YORK, April 7.

A despatch has been received at Headquarters from Rosecrank dated Murfreesboro 6th, stating that Gen. Stanley had returned from the expedition bringing a number of cavalry from the peninsula, killing and wounding several.

LEAVENWORTH GOES REPUBLICAN.
LEAVENWORTH, April 7.

The city gives a radical Republican majority. It was heretofore Democratic.

Employment for Invalid Soldiers.
A general order, No. 69, of the War Department, provides that at every United States General Hospital the feeble and wounded men unfit for duty, but not entirely disabled, instead of being discharged, will be organized and mustered in detachments under the charge of the officers acting as military commanders, who will assign men to them from time to time on the reports of the Surgeons in charge of hospitals. From these invalid detachments the military command will make details for provost, hospital and other necessary guards; for clerks, hospital attendants, nurses, cooks, and for all other men not fit for duty, but whose men become fit to duty with their regiments, they will be immediately sent to join them.

New Advertisements.
A dwelling house to rent; a permanent tenant guaranteed, and rent paid in advance. Address A. at this office. ap14

GROFF & BAILEY, REAL ESTATE AND COLLECTION AGENTS.
No. 124 Third Street, (CORNER THIRDS BANK)

SAINT PAUL—MINNESOTA.
House and lots and vacant lots to sell in the city. Improved and unimproved Farm Land, and other valuable property, for sale cheap. ap14

COLT'S REVOLVERS.
A large assortment just received by Express and for sale at low prices. L. P. FOSTER'S, Mackubin's Block.

SWORDS.
A large lot of Cut-throat cut-throat swords just received and for sale at low prices. L. P. FOSTER'S, Mackubin's Block.

Belts and Sashes.
The finest Cut-throat cut-throat belts and extra Sashes, just received by Express, and for sale at low prices. L. P. FOSTER'S, Mackubin's Block.

OFFICERS COATS, PANTS, VESTS AND SACKS.
A large assortment made up in New York city to order. The finest Broadcloth, latest styles and best workmanship, just received by Express, and for sale at low prices. L. P. FOSTER'S, Mackubin's Block.

Rubber Overcoats and Blankets.
Just received at L. P. FOSTER'S.

Cavalry Boots.
Custom made in the best town, at L. P. FOSTER'S.

Imported Bullion Shoulder Straps.
Colonel, Lieut. Colonel, Major, Captain, first and second Lieutenants, at L. P. FOSTER'S.

OFFICERS HATS AND CAPS TRIMMED.
The largest stock in town at L. P. FOSTER'S.

Gauntlets.
Fine French, imported, at L. P. FOSTER'S.

Gold Cord.
Just received at L. P. FOSTER'S.

MILITARY GOODS.
Everything you want at L. P. FOSTER'S.

New Advertisements.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S
Fashionable Jewelry Store,
Third Street,.....Saint Paul.

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY.

Gold and Silver Watches,
CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE, DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS, Cutlery, Case Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings, Thumb-rings, and everything else pertaining to the adornment of the lady.

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE.
My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union, and are for sale at the lowest prices.

LOWEST PRICES.
All goods warranted precisely as represented. Cash paid for old gold and silver. Full supply of WATCH MATERIALS always on hand. Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated "Claybank" watches.

American Watches.
Particular attention paid to repairing every kind of American Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of watches.

HAIR WORK.
Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in car. Use. All work done promptly in a workmanlike manner, and at a reasonable price. All orders by letter or otherwise will be promptly attended to. All kinds of new watches and new parts of the same manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount. Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office. D. C. GREENLEAF, agent.

